

פֿריילעך פֿאַר קינדער

divar torah

Parshat Pekudei teaches us the importance of meticulousness and accountability in our actions, as seen in the careful construction of the Mishkan (Tabernacle). It also highlights the value of teamwork and collaboration, showing that great accomplishments are often the result of many working together. This portion reminds us to approach our tasks with dedication and precision, knowing that our efforts contribute to a greater purpose.

halachah

In Jewish law, there are specific guidelines for netilat yadayim (washing hands) before eating bread:

1. With a vessel: Use a vessel to pour water over each hand twice, ensuring complete coverage.
2. Without a vessel: If no vessel is available, pour water directly over the hands.
3. Drying: Dry hands with a clean towel or cloth dedicated to this purpose.
4. Blessing: Recite the blessing (al netilat yadayim) after washing, acknowledging the commandment.

jokes and riddles

- What do you call someone who steals a lot on Purim? A hamantaschen!
- Why was the math book sad on Purim? It had too many problems.
- Why do we make noise with groggers on Purim? Because silence is golden, but noise is "grogger."
- Why do we dress up in costumes on Purim? So we can pretend to be surprised when we hear the Megillah for the 100th time!

rebbe story

Once, a shy boy visited the Lubavitcher Rebbe with his father. The Rebbe bent down, asked if he knew the Aleph-Bet, and reassured him, saying, "You see, you're already big!" This simple act made the boy feel confident and comfortable, highlighting the Rebbe's warmth and ability to connect.

game

