issue 5

פֿריַילעך פֿאַר קינדער

דבר תורה

At the end of last week's Parshah, Shemini, we began to discuss the laws of purity. These laws, called the laws of Tumah and Taharah, are continued in this week's portion.

The first topic discussed is a woman who has given birth. She is impure for a set amount of days, then she immerses in a mikvah (as mentioned last week, this is a special body of water that makes a tameh person tahor and brings a korbon.

All baby boys are to be circumcised at eight days old; we call this the bris milah.

Next topic of discussion is a unique disease called tzaraas. It is different from other illnesses because it has a spiritual cause and makes a person impure. If a person thinks he may have this affliction, he must go to a kohen and the kohen looks for signs to see whether it's the impurity of tzaraas or just a regular illness. The Torah teaches the kohen which signs to look for to identify the disease

Games

	2		6	4		3	7	5	1	2	9
			1		3	9	6	4		5	
3	6	4	9	7	5						4
6	9		2	1	4	5	8	7			6
1		2		5	7	4	9	6		1	
4	7	5	8	6	9		3	2		4	7
2	1		5	8	6		4		2		1
7	1		5 4	9	6		4 5		6	7	3
	1	8				6		9		7	
7	2	8	4	9		6	5	9			3
7		-	4	9	1		5	_			3

FUN FACT

FL has the most golf courses of any state in America

JOSES and RIDDEES

- What has keys but can't open locks?
- 2. What has a head, a tail, is brown, and has no legs?
 - 3. What has a neck but no head?
 jayling y

guess who was interviewed in the pictures







how old are you? 11

what was your favorite teacher? rabbi sherman

who is your favored singer? avrohom fried,yaakov shwekey

what is your favorite lec lunch? pizza

what is your favorite dessert? ice cream

what is your favored ice cream flavor? chocolate

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